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4-AMINOTHIENO[2,3-D] PYRIMIDINE-6-CARBONITRILE DERIVATIVES AS PDE7 INHIBITORS

The present invention relates to new 4-aminothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile derivatives, to processes for their preparation and to pharmaceutical compositions containing them. These compounds are potent and selective inhibitors of phosphodiesterase 7 (PDE7) and are thus useful in the treatment, prevention or suppression of pathological conditions, diseases and disorders susceptible of being improved by inhibition of PDE7.

- 10 Cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterases (PDEs) comprise a superfamily of proteins that share the ability to hydrolyze cyclic nucleotides like cAMP (cyclic adenosine 3' 5'-monophosphate) and/or cGMP (cyclic guanosine 3' 5'-monophosphate). Cyclic nucleotides are intracellular second messengers essential to integrate signals from many extracellular stimuli (e.g. hormones, neurotransmitters) into appropriate cellular responses.

 15 Inhibition of PDEs leads to an increase in the intracellular level of cyclic nucleotides,
- modulating many cellular signalling pathways and in some instances leading to beneficial therapeutic effects (*Trends in Medicinal Chemistry*. *Drug News Perspect Dec 2000 13 (10)*).
- 20 Proteins within the phosphodiesterase superfamily share at least 40% sequence homology and a common catalytic domain. Among phosphodiesterases, homologies above 65% define phosphodiesterase families, where proteins show other common structural features. So far, 11 families have been described, each including one or more genes and several protein isoforms. For example, the PDE1 family includes at least three genes, PDE1A, PDE1B and PDE1C. PDE1A gives rise to two isoforms, PDE1A1 and PDE1A2 which have different tissue distribution (*Dousa. 1999. Kidney International 55: 29-62*).
- Members of the PDE7 family specifically hydrolyze cAMP with high affinity (K_m~0.2 μM).
 Unlike other cAMP specific phosphodiesterases like PDE3 and PDE4, PDE7 proteins are not inhibited by cGMP. The first member of the PDE7 family, PDE7A2, was identified in 1993 (*Michaeli et al. J Biol Chem. 1993 Jun 15;268(17):12925-32*). To date, two genes and up to five isoforms have been described (*Han et al. J Biol Chem. 1997 Jun 27;272(26):16152-7; Hetman et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2000 Jan 4;97(1):472-6;*Sasaki et al. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2000 May 19;271(3):575-83; US-6146876).

PDE7 isoforms are expressed in many different human tissues, including airway epithelial cells, brain, heart, liver, pancreas, thyroid, skeletal muscle, and lymphoid tissue (*Miró et al. Synapse. 2001 Jun;40(3):201-14.; Fuhrmann et al. Am J Respir Cell Mol Biol. 1999 Feb;20(2):292-302; Gardner et al. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2000 May 27;272(1):186-92; Han et al. J Biol Chem. 1997 Jun 27;272(26):16152-7; Bloom & Beavo. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1996 Nov 26;93(24):14188-92.; Hoffmann et al. Cell Biochem Biophys. 1998;28(2-3):103-13.).*

- Among PDE7A isoforms, the PDE7A1 protein is expressed in B and T lymphocytes. In particular in CD4+ T cells, PDE7A1 has been shown to be required for cellular activation after T cell receptor dependent stimulation (*Lee et al. Cell Signal. 2002 Mar;14*(3):277-84; *Nakata et al. Clin Exp Immunol. 2002 Jun;128*(3):460-6; *Lee et al. Cell Signal. 2002 Mar;14*(3):277-84; *Glavas et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2001 May 22;98*(11):6319-24.
 Li et al. Science. 1999 Feb 5;283(5403):848-51; *Kanda et al. Biochem Pharmacol. 2001 Aug 15;62*(4):495-507). Even though isoforms of both PDE3 and PDE4 are also expressed in T lymphocytes, only PDE4 and PDE7 appear to be relevant for the functional response of these cells (*Giembycz et al. Br J Pharmacol. 1996 Aug;118*(8):1945-58).
- 20 It has also been shown that increasing cAMP levels in leukemic cells using PDE4 inhibitors may result in the induction of apoptosis or programmed cell death leading to a therapeutic effect useful for the treatment of chronic lymphocytic leukemia (*Lerner et al. Leuk Lymphoma. 2000 Mar*;37(1-2):39-51; Kim & Lerner. Blood. 1998 Oct 1;92(7):2484-94.).

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In view of the tissue distribution and functional role of PDE7 proteins, PDE7 inhibitors of varied chemical structures have been disclosed for the treatment or prevention of pathological conditions, diseases and disorders susceptible to amelioration by inhibition of PDE7 proteins such as asthma, atopic dermatitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, Crohn's disease, type I and type II diabetes, lymphoid leukemia and other forms of cancer, multiple sclerosis, alograft rejection after organ transplantation, psoriasis, rheumathoid arthritis and ulcerative colitis. In particular, given its relevance for T cell function, PDE7 inhibitors may be useful for the treatment of T cell mediated immune diseases and for treatment of diseases of the airway. See, for example, Bioorganic and

35 Medicinal Chemistry Letters, 11 (2001) 1081-1083; J. Med. Chem., 2000, 43, 683-689;

Drug Data Report 2002, 24(1): 76 / WO 01/74786 A1; Drug Data Report 2002, 24(7): 639 / WO 02/28847 A1; Drug Data Report 2002, 24(8): 703 / WO 02/40449 A1; Drug Data Report 2002, 24(3): 262 / WO 01/98274 A2.

No compounds having PDE7 inhibition capacity have so far reached the market place but some have been tested biologically.

In spite of the large number of potent and selective inhibitors available for other PDEs like PDE4 and PDE5, some of which are undergoing clinical evaluation, there is still a need for potent PDE7 inhibitors, specifically those effective at low concentrations, preferably in the low nanomolar range.

We have now found that a novel series of 4-aminothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile derivatives are potent inhibitors of PDE7 enzymes and are therefore useful in the treatment or prevention of pathological conditions, diseases and disorders susceptible of amelioration by inhibition of PDE7 enzymes such as asthma, atopic dermatitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, Crohn's disease, type I and type II diabetes, lymphoid leukemia and other forms of cancer, multiple sclerosis, alograft rejection after organ transplantation, psoriasis, rheumathoid arthritis and ulcerative colitis. In particular, given its relevance for T cell function, PDE7 inhibitors may be useful for the treatment of T cell mediated immune diseases.

The compounds of the present invention can also be used in combination with other drugs known to be effective in the treatment of these diseases. For example, they can be used in combination with one or more compounds selected from PDE4 inhibitors, A_{2A} adenosine receptor antagonists, NSAIDs, COX-2 inhibitors, TNF- α inhibitors and steroids.

Accordingly, the present invention provides novel compounds of formula (I)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_1 & N & R_2 \\ \hline NC & S & N & R_3 \end{array}$$

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein

35 • R₁ and R₂ either

- R₁ and R₂ either
 - (a) independently represent:
 - (i) a hydrogen atom
 - (ii) a group selected from an alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl groups, which are optionally substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from halogen atoms and hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, carboxy, oxo, amino, mono- or dialkylamino groups;
 - (iii) a group of formula

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wherein n is an integer from 0 to 4 and R⁶ represents a cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl group

15 or

(b) R₁ and R₂ form, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, a 3- to 8-membered ring comprising from 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur, which ring is optionally substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from halogen atoms and alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, acyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylenedioxy, amino, mono- or di-alkylamino, mono- or di-alkylaminoacyl, nitro, cyano or trifluoromethyl groups;

25 • R₃ is group of formula

wherein n is an integer from 0 to 4 and G represents a monocyclic or bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl group comprising from zero to four heteroatoms which group is optionally substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from:

- (i) halogen atoms;
- (ii) alkyl and alkylene groups, which are optionally substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from halogen atoms; and

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- (iii) phenyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxy, alkylenedioxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, amino, mono- or di-alkylamino, acylamino, nitro, acyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethoxy groups;
- R₄ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl or aryl group

with the proviso that it is not 5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10 Certain aminothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivatives of similar structure, which do not fall within the scope of the present invention, have been disclosed in WO98/06722, WO00/59912, WO02/49650.

Other aspects of the present invention are a) a process for the preparation of the

compounds b) pharmaceutical compositions comprising an effective amount of said

compounds, c) the use of said compounds in the manufacture of a medicament for the

treatment of diseases susceptible of being improved by inhibiton of phosphodiesterases 7

(PDE7); and d) methods of treatment of diseases susceptible to amelioration by inhibiton

of phosphodiesterases 7 (PDE7), which methods comprise the administration of the

compounds of the invention to a subject in need of treatment.

As used herein the term alkyl embraces optionally substituted, linear or branched radicals having 1 to 20 carbon atoms or, preferably 1 to 12 carbon atoms. More preferably alkyl radicals are "lower alkyl" radicals having 1 to 8, preferably 1 to 6 and more preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

Examples include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2-methylbutyl, isopentyl, 1-ethylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, n-hexyl, 1-ethylbutyl, 2-ethylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2,3-dimethylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl, 3-methylpentyl and iso-hexyl radicals.

When it is mentioned that alkyl radicals may be optionally substituted it is meant to include linear or branched alkyl radicals as defined above, which may be unsubstituted or substituted in any position by one or more substituents, for example by 1, 2 or 3

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substituents. When two or more substituents are present, each substituent may be the same or different.

The substituent(s) are typically halogen atoms, preferably fluoride atoms, and hydroxy or unsubstituted alkoxy radicals.

As used herein, the term alkenyl embraces optionally substituted, linear or branched, mono or polyunsaturated radicals having 2 to 20 carbon atoms or, preferably 2 to 12 carbon atoms. The term alkenyl embraces radicals having "cis" and "trans" orientations, or alternatively, "E" and "Z" orientations. More preferably alkenyl radicals are "lower alkenyl" radicals having 2 to 8, preferably 2 to 6 and more preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms. In particular it is preferred that the alkenyl radicals are mono or diunsaturated.

Examples include vinyl, allyl, 1-propenyl, isopropenyl, 1-butenyl, 2-butenyl, 3-butenyl, 1-pentenyl, 2-pentenyl, 3-pentenyl and 4-pentenyl radicals.

When it is mentioned that alkenyl radicals may be optionally substituted it is meant to include linear or branched alkenyl radicals as defined above, which may be unsubstituted or substituted in any position by one or more substituents, for example by 1, 2 or 3 substituents. When two or more substituents are present, each substituent may be the same or different.

The substituent(s) are typically halogen atoms, preferably fluoride atoms, and hydroxy or unsubstituted alkoxy radicals.

As used herein, the term alkynyl embraces optionally substituted, linear or branched, mono or polyunsaturated radicals having 2 to 20 carbon atoms or, preferably 2 to 12 carbon atoms. More preferably, alkynyl radicals are "lower alkynyl" radicals having 2 to 8, preferably 2 to 6 and more preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms. In particular it is preferred that

30 the alkynyl radicals are mono or diunsaturated.

Examples include 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, 1-butynyl, 2-butynyl and 3-butynyl radicals.

When it is mentioned that alkynyl radicals may be optionally substituted it is meant to include linear or branched alkynyl radicals as defined above, which may be unsubstituted

or substituted in any position by one or more substituents, for example by 1, 2 or 3 substituents. When two or more substituents are present, each substituent may be the same or different.

The substituent(s) are typically halogen atoms, preferably fluoride atoms, and hydroxy or unsubstituted alkoxy radicals.

As used herein, the term alkylene embraces divalent alkyl moieties typically having from 1 to 6, for example from 1 to 4, carbon atoms. Examples of C₁-C₄ alkylene radicals include methylene, ethylene, propylene, butylene, pentylene and hexylene radicals. An alkylene group is typically unsubstituted.

When an alkylene radical is present as a substituent on another radical it shall be deemed to be a single substituent, rather than a radical formed by two substituents.

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As used herein, an alkylenedioxy group is an alkylene group as defined above linked to two oxygen atoms.

As used herein, the term alkoxy (or alkyloxy) embraces optionally substituted, linear or branched oxy-containing radicals each having alkyl portions of 1 to 10 carbon atoms. More preferred alkoxy radicals are "lower alkoxy" radicals having 1 to 8, preferably 1 to 6 and more preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms. An alkoxy group is typically unsubstituted or substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from halogen atoms and hydroxy groups. Preferably it is unsubstituted.

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Preferred alkoxy radicals include methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, i-propoxy, n-butoxy, secbutoxy, t-butoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, hydroxymethoxy, 2-hydroxyethoxy or 2-hydroxypropoxy.

As used herein, the term alkylthio embraces radicals containing an optionally substituted, linear or branched alkyl radicals of 1 to 10 carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred alkylthio radicals are "lower alkylthio" radicals having 1 to 8, preferably 1 to 6 and more preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms. An alkythio group is typically unsubstituted or substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from halogen atoms and hydroxy groups. Preferably it is unsubstituted.

Preferred optionally substituted alkylthio radicals include methylthio, ethylthio, n-propylthio, i-propylthio, n-butylthio, sec-butylthio, t-butylthio, trifluoromethylthio, difluoromethylthio, hydroxymethylthio, 2-hydroxyethylthio and 2-hydroxypropylthio.

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As used herein, the term monoalkylamino embraces radicals containing an optionally substituted, linear or branched alkyl radicals of 1 to 10 carbon atoms attached to a divalent –NH- radical. More preferred monoalkylamino radicals are "lower monoalkylamino" radicals having 1 to 8, preferably 1 to 6 and more preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms. A monoalkylamino group is typically unsubstituted or substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from halogen atoms and hydroxy groups. Preferably it is unsubstituted.

Preferred optionally substituted monoalkylamino radicals include methylamino, ethylamino, n-propylamino, i-propylamino, n-butylamino, sec-butylamino, t-butylamino, trifluoromethylamino, difluoromethylamino, hydroxymethylamino, 2-hydroxyethylamino and 2-hydroxypropylamino.

As used herein, the term dialkylamino embraces radicals containing a trivalent nitrogen atoms with two optionally substituted, linear or branched alkyl radicals of 1 to 10 carbon atoms attached thereto. More preferred dialkylamino radicals are "lower dialkylamino" radicals having 1 to 8, preferably 1 to 6 and more preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms in each alkyl radical. A dialkylamino group is typically unsubstituted or substituted on one or each alkyl moiety with 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from halogen atoms and hydroxy groups.

25 Preferably it is unsubstituted.

Preferred optionally substituted dialkylamino radicals include dimethylamino, diethylamino, methyl(ethyl)amino, di(n-propyl)amino, n-propyl(methyl)amino, n-propyl(ethyl)amino, di(i-propyl)amino, i-propyl(methyl)amino, i-propyl(ethyl)amino, di(n-butyl)amino, n-butyl(methyl)amino, n-butyl(i-propyl)amino, di(sec-butyl)amino, sec-butyl(methyl)amino, sec-butyl(n-propyl)amino, sec-butyl(i-propyl)amino, di(t-butyl)amino, t-butyl(methyl)amino, t-butyl(ethyl)amino, t-butyl(n-propyl)amino, t-butyl(i-propyl)amino, trifluoromethyl(methyl)amino, trifluoromethyl(i-propyl)amino, trifluoromethyl(n-propyl)amino, trifluoromethyl(n-propyl)amino, trifluoromethyl(n-propyl)amino, trifluoromethyl(n-butyl)amino, trifluoromethyl(sec-butyl)amino,

difluoromethyl(methyl)amino, difluoromethyl(ethyl)amino, difluoromethyl(n-propyl)amino, difluoromethyl(i-propyl)amino, difluoromethyl(n-butyl))amino, difluoromethyl(secbutyl)amino, difluoromethyl(t-butyl)amino, difluoromethyl(trifluoromethyl)amino, hydroxymethyl(methyl)amino, ethyl(hydroxymethyl)amino, hydroxymethyl(n-propyl)amino, hydroxymethyl(i-propyl)amino, n-butyl(hydroxymethyl)amino, secbutyl(hydroxymethyl)amino, t-butyl(hydroxymethyl)amino, difluoromethyl(hydroxymethyl)amino, hydroxymethyl)amino, hydroxymethyl(methyl)amino, ethyl(hydroxyethyl)amino, hydroxyethyl(n-propyl)amino, hydroxyethyl(i-propyl)amino, n-butyl(hydroxyethyl)amino, sec-butyl(hydroxyethyl)amino, t-butyl(hydroxyethyl)amino, sec-butyl(hydroxyethyl)amino, sec-butyl(hydroxyethyl)amino, sec

butyl(hydroxyethyl)amino, difluoromethyl(hydroxyethyl)amino, hydroxyethyl(trifluoromethyl)amino, hydroxypropyl(methyl)amino, ethyl(hydroxypropyl)amino, hydroxypropyl(n-propyl)amino, hydroxypropyl(i-propyl)amino, n-butyl(hydroxypropyl)amino, sec-butyl(hydroxypropyl)amino, tbutyl(hydroxypropyl)amino, difluoromethyl(hydroxypropyl)amino y

15 hydroxypropyl(trifluoromethyl)amino.

As used herein, the term hydroxyalkyl embraces linear or branched alkyl radicals having 1 to 10 carbon atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl radicals.

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Examples of such radicals include hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl and hydroxyhexyl.

As used herein, the term alkoxycarbonyl embraces optionally substituted, linear or branched radicals each having alkyl portions of 1 to 10 carbon atoms and attached to an oxycarbonyl radical. More preferred alkoxycarbonyl radicals are "lower alkoxycarbonyl" radicals having 1 to 8, preferably 1 to 6 and more preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms. An alkoxy carbonyl group is typically unsubstituted or substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from halogen atoms and hydroxy groups. Preferably it is unsubstituted.

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Preferred optionally substituted alkoxycarbonyl radicals include methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, n-propoxycarbonyl, i-propoxycarbonyl, n-butoxycarbonyl, secbutoxycarbonyl, t-butoxycarbonyl, trifluoromethoxycarbonyl, difluoromethoxycarbonyl, hydroxymethoxycarbonyl, 2-hydroxyethoxycarbonyl and 2-hydroxypropoxycarbonyl.

As used herein, the term acyl embraces optionally substituted, linear or branched radicals having 1 to 20 carbon atoms or, preferably 1 to 12 carbon atoms attached to a carbonyl radical. More preferably acyl radicals are "lower acyl" radicals having 2 to 8, preferably 2 to 6 and more preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms. Thus, it is typically a radical of formula — 5 COR. An acyl group is typically unsubstituted.

Preferred optionally substituted acyl radicals include acetyl, propionyl, butiryl, isobutiryl, isovaleryl, pivaloyil, valeryl, lauryl, myristyl, stearyl and palmityl,

- As used herein an alkoxyacyl group is an alkoxy group as defined above linked to an acyl group as defined above. An acylamino group is an acyl group as defined above linked to an amino group. A mono-or di-alkylaminoacyl group is a mono- or di-alkylamino group as defined aboved linked to an acyl group as defined above.
- As used herein, the term aryl radical embraces typically a C₅-C₁₄ monocyclic or polycyclic aryl radical such as phenyl, naphthyl, anthranyl and phenanthryl. A polycyclic radical is considered to be an aryl radical if at least one of the cycles is an aryl.

An aryl radical may be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents. When an aryl radical carries 2 or more substituents, the substituents may be the same or different. The substituents are typically selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxy, alkylenedioxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, amino, mono- or di-alkylamino, acylamino, nitro, acyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy groups and alkyl and alkylene groups which are themselves unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen atoms. Where a phenyl group is present as a substituent, typically only one such phenyl substituent is present. Preferred substituents on an aryl group are unsubstituted C₁-C₄ alkoxy, unsubstituted C₁-C₄ alkyl, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted C₁-C₃ alkylenedioxy and unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl wherein the alkyl portion has from 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

As used herein the term aryloxy embraces an aryl group as defined above connected to an oxygen atom.

As used herein, the term heteroaryl radical embraces monocyclic or polycyclic 5- to 14membered ring system comprising at least one heteroaromatic ring and containing at least one heteroatom selected from O, S and N. A heteroaryl radical may be a single ring or two or more fused rings wherein at least one ring contains a heteroatom. A polycyclic radical is considered to be an heteroaryl radical if at least one of the cycles is an heteroaryl.

Examples include pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, furyl, oxadiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, pyridinyl, benzothiazolyl, indolyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, cinnolinyl, triazolyl, indolizinyl, indolinyl, isoindolyl, indolyl, indazolyl, purinyl, imidazolidinyl, pteridinyl and pyrazolyl radicals.

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Oxadiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyridyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, thienyl, furanyl, pyrazinyl and pyrimidinyl radicals are preferred.

A heteroaryl radical may be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents. When a heteroaryl radical carries 2 or more substituents, the substituents may be the same or different. The substituents are typically selected from halogen atoms, phenyl, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxy, alkylenedioxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, amino, mono- or di-alkylamino, acylamino, nitro, acyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano, difluoromethoxy and trifluoromethoxy groups and alkyl and alkylene groups which are themselves unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen atoms. Where a phenyl group is present as a substituent, typically only one such phenyl substituent is present. Preferred substituents on a heteroaryl group are unsubstituted C₁.C₄ alkoxy, unsubstituted C₁.C₄ alkyl, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted C₁.C₃ alkylenedioxy and unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl wherein the alkyl portion has from 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

25 Preferably, a heteroaryl group is unsubstituted.

As used herein, the term cycloalkyl embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals and, unless otherwise specified, a cycloalkyl radical typically has from 3 to 7 carbon atoms.

30 Examples include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl and cycloheptyl. It is preferably cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl. A cycloalkyl radical may be unsubstituted or substituted and is typically unsubstituted. When a cycloalkyl radical carries 2 or more substituents, the substituents may be the same or different.

As used herein, the term cycloalkenyl embraces partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals and, unless otherwise specified, a cycloalkenyl radical typically has from 3 to 7 carbon atoms.

- Examples include cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl and cycloheptenyl. It is preferably cyclopentenyl or cyclohexenyl. A cycloalkenyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted and is typically unsubstituted. When a cycloalkenyl radical carries 2 or more substituents, the substituents may be the same or different.
- As used herein, some of the atoms, radicals, moieties, chains or cycles present in the general structures of the invention are "optionally substituted". This means that these atoms, radicals, moieties, chains or cycles can be either unsubstituted or substituted in any position by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents, whereby the hydrogen atoms bound to the unsubstituted atoms, radicals, moieties, chains or cycles are replaced by chemically acceptable atoms, radicals, moieties, chains or cycles. When two or more substituents are present, each substituent may be the same or different.

Typically when a cyclic radical is bridged by an alkylene radical, the bridging alkylene radical is attached to the ring at non-adjacent atoms.

As used herein, the term halogen atom embraces chlorine, fluorine, bromine or iodine atom typically a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom, most preferably chlorine or fluorine. The term halo when used as a prefix has the same meaning.

25 Compounds containing one or more chiral centre may be used in enantiomerically or diastereoisomerically pure form, or in the form of a mixture of isomers.

As used herein, the term pharmaceutically acceptable salt embraces salts with a pharmaceutically acceptable acid or base. Pharmaceutically acceptable acids include both inorganic acids, for example hydrochloric, sulphuric, phosphoric, diphosphoric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic and nitric acid and organic acids, for example citric, fumaric, maleic, malic, mandelic, ascorbic, oxalic, succinic, tartaric, benzoic, acetic, methanesulphonic, ethanesulphonic, benzenesulphonic or p-toluenesulphonic acid. Pharmaceutically acceptable bases include alkali metal (e.g. sodium or potassium) and

alkali earth metal (e.g. calcium or magnesium) hydroxides and organic bases, for example alkylamines, arylalkyl amines and heterocyclic amines.

Particular individual compounds of the invention include:

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- 4-(4-Ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-5-methyl-2-phenylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(4-Ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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- 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-phenylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-2-phenyl-4-piperidin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 15 5-Methyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-4-piperidin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-piperidin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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- 5-Methyl-2-phenyl-4-piperazin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

- 4-(Diethylamino)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 30 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-piperazin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-4-piperazin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Dibutylamino)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

- 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-5 carbonitrile
 - 4-[Ethyl(methyl)amino]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 10 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(diethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Diethylamino)-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 15 4-(Dimethylamino)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
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 2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-
 - 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-[ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 30 5-Methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6carbonitrile
 - 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

- $\hbox{$4-$[Allyl(methyl)amino]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile}\\$
- 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5
- 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 10 5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 15
- 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-4-(diethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 20 2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-[Ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-pyridin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-[Ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6carbonitrile
 - 2-Benzyl-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-4-morpholin-4-yl-2-pyridin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 30
- 4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-pyridin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-
- 35 d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

- 4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-pyridin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-(dimethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-(propylamino)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-Benzyl-4-(diethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 15 5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-phenylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-4-morpholin-4-yl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)-methylamino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-
- 20 d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 25 4-Diethylamino-2-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-(ethylmethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 30 4-(6-Cyano-4-diethylamino-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)-benzoic acid methyl ester
 - 4-[6-Cyano-4-(ethylmethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl]-benzoic acid methyl ester
- 35 2-Benzyl-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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- 2-Benzyl-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)methylamino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - Methyl 4-(6-cyano-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)benzoate
- Methyl 4-[6-cyano-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl]benzoate
 - Methyl 4-[6-cyano-4-(dimethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl] benzoate
 - Methyl 4-{6-cyano-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl}benzoate
- 5-methyl-4-(methylamino)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Dimethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(Ethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-4-(propylamino)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 25 4-(Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Isopropylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 30 4-(sec-Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Isobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

- 4-[(1-Ethylpropyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(tert-Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Cyclopropylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(Cyclobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Cyclopentylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-[Allyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-4-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-20 6-carbonitrile
 - 4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-[(2-Methoxyethyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6carbonitrile
 - 4-{[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]amino}-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno [2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-4-(3-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl) thie no [2,3-d] pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(3,5-Dimethylpiperazin-1-yl)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-35 6-carbonitrile

- 4-(4-Acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimi-dine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-[(2-Aminoethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - N-[6-Cyano-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-beta-alanine
- 10 5-Methyl-4-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(1H-Imidazol-1-yl)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-4-(2H-1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-20 carbonitrile
 - $\hbox{2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno} [2,3-d] pyrimidine-6-carbon itrile$
- 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-(methylamino)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-(ethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-(propylamino)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Cyclopropylamino)-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

- 4-(Cyclobutylamino)-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-(dimethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-[ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(Diethylamino)-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-[Allyl(methyl)amino]-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 20 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-[(2-methoxyethyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-[[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl](methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl) thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-4-morpholin-4-yl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-4-(methylamino)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile 35

- 4-(Ethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-4-(propylamino)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5 4-(Isopropylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(sec-Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 10
 4-[(1-Ethylpropyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(tert-Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6carbonitrile
 - 4-(Cyclopropylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 20 4-(Cyclobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Dimethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-[Ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-[Allyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 5-Methyl-4-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-35 6-carbonitrile

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- 4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-[(2-Methoxyethyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6carbonitrile
 - 4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl) thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(2-phenylethyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 4-(Cyclobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(2-phenylethyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 15 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(2-phenylethyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 - 5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(3-phenylpropyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3-phenylpropyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
 2-(3,5-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-4-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-5-methyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile
- 2-(3,5-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

 2-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-(ethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

 4-(Isobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

According to one embodiment of the present invention in the compounds of formula (I) R_1 and R_2 either:

(a) independently represent hydrogen or groups selected from alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one hydroxy group or cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms;

5 or

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(b) (b) R₁ and R₂ form, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, a 4- to 6-membered ring comprising from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur, which ring is optionally substituted by one or two C₁.C₄ alkyl groups which are themselves unsubstituted or substituted by one hydroxy group.

Preferaby, R₁ and R₂ either:

- (a) independently represent groups selected from an alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl
 groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one hydroxy group or cycloalkyl group having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; or
- (b) R₁ and R₂ form, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, a
 4- to 6-membered ring comprising from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen
 and sulphur, which ring is optionally substituted by one or two C₁₋C₄ alkyl groups which are themselves unsubstituted or substituted by one hydroxy group.

Most preferably R_1 either a) represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms or b) forms together with R^2 and with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, a 4- to 6-membered ring comprising from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen and oxygen, which ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from halogen atoms and alkyl or acyl groups;

Also preferably R₂ either a) represents a group selected from an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl or di-alkylamino groups or b) forms together with R₁ and with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, a 4- to 6-membered ring comprising from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen and oxygen, which ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from halogen atoms and alkyl or acyl groups;

35 In another embodiment of the present invention R₃ represents a group of formula

wherein n is an integer from 0 to 4 and G represents a monocyclic aryl or heteroaryl group comprising zero or one heteroatoms, which aryl or heteroaryl group is optionally substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from:

- (i) halogen atoms;
- (ii) unsubstituted C₁-C₈ alkyl, unsubstituted C₁-C₈ alkoxy, unsubstituted C₁-C₃ alkylenedioxy, nitro, trifluoromethyl and unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl groups having a C₁-C₈ alkyl portion.

More preferably R₃ represents a group selected from phenyl, pyridyl or benzyl groups which groups are optionally substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from:

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- (i) halogen atoms;
- (ii) unsubstituted C₁.C₈ alkyl, unsubstituted C₁.C₈ alkoxy, unsubstituted C₁.C₃ alkylenedioxy, nitro, trifluoromethyl and unsubstituted C₁.C₈ alkoxycarbonyl groups.

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In still another embodiment of the present invention R_4 is hydrogen, an unsubstituted C_{1-} C_8 alkyl or unsubstituted C_{5-} C_{14} aryl group. Typically, R_4 represents an unsubstituted C_{1-} C_4 alkyl group. Preferably, R_4 represents a $-CH_3$ group.

25 Most preferred compounds of the invention are compounds of formula (I):

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or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein

- R₁ and R₂ either:
 - (a) independently represent hydrogen or groups selected from alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl groups having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one hydroxy group;

or

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- (b) R₁ and R₂ form, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, a 4- to 6-membered ring comprising from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur, which ring is optionally substituted by one or two C₁.C₄ alkyl groups which are themselves unsubstituted or substituted by one hydroxy group;
- R₃ represents a group selected from phenyl, pyridyl or benzyl groups which groups are optionally substituted by one or more, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen atoms;
 - (ii) unsubstituted C_1 - C_8 alkyl, unsubstituted C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, unsubstituted C_1 - C_3 alkylenedioxy, nitro, trifluoromethyl and unsubstituted C_1 - C_8 alkoxycarbonyl groups; and
- R₄ represents an unsubstituted C₁₋₄ alkyl group.

In another embodiment of the present invention R₃ represents a phenyl or benzyl group substituted by one, two or three C_{1.6} alkoxy groups.

In a still more preferred embodiment of the present invention R_1 represents a hydrogen atom, R_2 represents

- 30 (i) a group selected from an alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl groups, which are optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from halogen atoms and hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, hydroxycarbonyl, alcoxycarbonyl, mono- or di-alkylaminoacyl, oxo, amino, mono- or di-alkylamino groups; or
- 35 (ii) a group of formula

wherein n is an integer from 0 to 4 and R⁶ represents a cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl group;

and R_3 represents a phenyl or benzyl group substituted by one, two or three C_{1-6} alkoxy groups.

In another aspect the present invention encompasses a synthetic process for the preparation of the compounds of formula (I) which is depicted in Scheme 3 and comprises the steps of (a) reacting the thienopyrimidinone of formula (VI) under reflux with a chlorinating agent, (b) removing after cooling the excess of chlorinating agent, (c) optionally isolating the chlorothienopyrimidine of formula (VII) and (d) reacting the chlorothienopyrimidine of formula (VIII) in a closed atmosphere at temperatures ranging from 40°C to 120°C.

The compounds of the present invention may be prepared by one of the processes described below:

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SCHEME 1

Following the teachings of GB 1 454 529 a cyano acetic acid ethyl ester (III), elemental sulphur and a catalytic amount of piperidine are added to a solution of a 3-amino α,β -insaturated nitrile (II) in ethanol. The mixture is heated to 50-60 °C until the reaction starts, which is evidenced by an increase of the temperature of the mixture up to the region of 90-100 °C. After the temperature begins to decrease, the mixture is refluxed for an

additional 24 hours. The solid formed after cooling a 4-substituted 2-amino-5-cyano-thiophene-3-carboxylic acid alkyl ester (IV)]is collected by filtration, and recrystallized from ethanol.

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SCHEME 2

$$R_4$$
 COOR R_3 HCI (gas) R_4 NC R_3 dioxane r.t., 12h R_3 (IV) (V) (VI)

A stream of dry hydrogen chloride is passed for 2 hours through a mixture of the 4-substituted-2-amino-5-cyano-thiophene-3-carboxylic acid alkyl ester (IV) and the corresponding nitrile (V) in dioxane. The reaction is stirred at room temperature for 12 hours, the solvent is removed under reduced pressure and the residue is triturated with diethyl ether. The precipitate obtained is filtered, dried and the corresponding thienopyrimidinone (VI) is used in the next reaction step without further purification.

SCHEME 3

NC
$$R_4$$
 POCI3\ Reflux 3-12 h NC R_4 R_4 R_4 R_4 R_4 R_5 R_5 R_6 R_7 R_8 R_8 R_8 R_9 R

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A solution of the corresponding thienopyrimidinone (VI) in phosphorous oxychloride is refluxed for 3-12 h. After cooling, POCl₃ is removed under reduced pressure, the residue is dissolved in dichloromethane, and the organic layer is washed with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃, water, then brine. The organic layer is dried over MgSO₄,

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filtered and evaporated to yield the corresponding crude of 4-chlorothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine (VII), which is used in the next reaction step without further purification.

An amine (VIII) is added to a solution of the 4-chlorothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine (VII) in either ethanol or a mixture of acetonitrile and a base (for example an alkaline carbonate or diisopropylethylamine) in a closable bottle. The bottle is closed with a polypropylene cap, and heated overnight in a conventional oven at a temperature comprised between 40° and 120°C, preferably between 60 and 85°C.. After cooling, the solvent is removed under reduced pressure, and the residue is purified by flash chromatography to provide the final thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamine (1).

PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

PDE7 Assay Procedure

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All compounds are resuspended in DMSO at a stock concentration of 10 mM. The compounds are tested at concentrations ranging fom 1mM to 1nM in order to calculate an IC₅₀. All dilutions are performed in 96 well plates.

For each reaction, 10 microliters of the diluted compounds are poured into "low binding" 20 assay plates. 80 microliters of a reaction mixture containing 50 mM Tris pH 7.5, 8.3 mM MgCl₂, 1.7 mM EGTA, and 15 nM 3′,5′[3H]-cAMP (around 150000 dpm) are added to each well. The reaction is initiated by adding 10 microliters of a solution containing PDE7 to the reaction mixture. The plate is then incubated under stirring for 1 hour at room temperature. After incubation the reaction is stopped with 50 microlitres (0.89 mg) of PDE SPA beads (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech RPNQ0150), and the resulting mixture is allowed to settle for 20 minutes before counting in a microtitre plate counter.

Using the assay described above the IC50 of all compounds in the examples was determined to be smaller than 10 micromolar and the compounds of Examples 2-7 9-11, 13-17, 20-22, 24-27, 31, 33-39, 41-49, 51-57, 60-62, 64-85, 87-93, 95-109, 111-126, 128-129, 131-135 showed and IC₅₀ smaller than 1 micromolar.

The results of PDE7 inhibition show that the compounds of formula (I) are potent inhibitors of phosphodiesterase 7 (PDE7) and are therefore useful in the treatment or prevention of

pathological conditions, diseases and disorders susceptible of amelioration by inhibition of PDE7, such as asthma, atopic dermatitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, Crohn's disease, type I and type II diabetes, lymphoid leukemia and other forms of cancer, multiple sclerosis, alograft rejection after organ transplantation, psoriasis, rheumathoid arthritis and ulcerative colitis.

Some of the compounds of the present invention are not only potent PDE7 inhibitors but are also selective over other cAMP specific phosphodiesterases such as PDE3 or PDE4. Compounds which show a particularly good selectivity are those where the R₃ group is selected from phenyl or benzyl groups substituted by one, two or three C₁₋₈ alkoxy groups.

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The compounds of the present invention can also be used in combination with other drugs known to be effective in the treatment of these diseases. For example, they can be used in combination with one or more compounds selected from PDE4 inhibitors, A_{2A} adenosine receptor antagonists, NSAIDs, COX-2 inhibitors, TNF- α inhibitors and steroids.

Accordingly, another embodiment of the invention is the use of the compounds of formula (I) in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment or prevention of pathological conditions, diseases and disorders susceptible of amelioration by by inhibition of PDE7, as well as a method for treating a subject afflicted with a pathological condition or disease susceptible to amelioration by inhibition of PDE7, which comprises administering to said subject an effective amount of a compound of formula (I).

The present invention also provides pharmaceutical compositions which comprise, as an active ingredient, at least a compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient such as a carrier or diluent. The active ingredient may comprise 0.001% to 99% by weight, preferably 0.01% to 90% by weight, of the composition depending upon the nature of the formulation and whether further dilution is to be made prior to application. Preferably the compositions are made up in a form suitable for oral, topical, nasal, rectal, percutaneous or injectable administration.

The pharmaceutically acceptable excipients which are admixed with the active compound, or salts of such compound, to form the compositions of this invention are well-known per

se and the actual excipients used depend inter alia on the intended method of administering the compositions.

Compositions for oral administration may take the form of tablets, retard tablets, sublingual tablets, capsules, inhalation aerosols, inhalation solutions, dry powder inhalation, or liquid preparations, such as mixtures, elixirs, syrups or suspensions, all containing the compound of the invention; such preparations may be made by methods well-known in the art.

- 10 The diluents which may be used in the preparation of the compositions include those liquid and solid diluents which are compatible with the active ingredient, together with colouring or flavouring agents, if desired. Tablets or capsules may conveniently contain between 2 and 500 mg of active ingredient or the equivalent amount of a salt thereof.
- The liquid composition adapted for oral use may be in the form of solutions or suspensions. The solutions may be aqueous solutions of a soluble salt or other derivative of the active compound in association with, for example, sucrose to form a syrup. The suspensions may comprise an insoluble active compound of the invention or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in association with water, together with a suspending agent and a flavouring agent.

Compositions for parenteral injection may be prepared from soluble salts, which may or may not be freeze-dried and which may be dissolved in pyrogen free aqueous media or other appropriate parenteral injection fluid.

25

Compositions for topical administration may take the form of ointments, creams or lotions, all containing the compound of the invention; such preparations may be made by methods well-known in the art.

30 Effective doses are normally in the range of 10-600 mg of active ingredient per day. Daily dosage may be administered in one or more treatments, preferably from 1 to 4 treatments, per day.

The present invention will be further illustrated by the following examples. The examples are given by way of illustration only and are not to be construed as a limiting.

¹H NMR spectra were recorded either at 200 or 300 MHz and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 75 MHz, using a Varian Unity 300 instrument. Chemical shifts are reported as δ values (ppm). The low-resolution mass spectra (MS) were obtained in a HPLC-MS Agilent 1100-MSD-20, as CI (CH₄). Melting points were recorded uncorrected using a Perkin Elmer DSC-7 apparatus. Infrared spectra were recorded in a Perkin-Elmer IR-FT Spectrum 2000 spectrophotometer, either on KBr pellets or on a CHCl₃ film and spectral bands are reported in cm⁻¹. Elemental Analysis was performed on a Heraeus CHN-O rapid instrument.

10 PREPARATION EXAMPLES:

PREPARATION 1

2-Amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

15

To a solution of 3-aminocrotonitrile (0.01 mol) in 30 ml. of ethanol, elemental sulphur (0.01 mol), cyanoacetic acid ethyl ester (0.01 mol) and a catalytic amount of piperidine were added. The mixture was initially heated to 50-60 °C until the reaction commenced when the temperature of the mixture was increased to 90-100 °C. When the reaction temperature began to fall, the mixture was refluxed for 24 hours. The solid formed after cooling was collected by filtration, and recrystallized from ethanol to yield the title compound (65% yield) as a brown solid.

5 m.p. 200-202 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 6.60 (bs, 2H), 4.32 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 1.38 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 3H).

PREPARATION 2

30 5-Methyl-4-oxo-2-phenyl-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

A stream of dry hydrogen chloride was passed through a mixture of 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (0.003 mol) and benzonitrile (0.0045 mol) in 20 ml. of dioxane for 2 hours. Then, the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours, subsequently, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was triturated with diethyl ether. A precipitate was obtained, filtered and dried to yield (92% yield) the title compound as a brown solid.

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) *δ* 13.02 (bs, 1H), 8.21 (d, J=6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.66-7.61 (m, 3H), 2.73 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3415, 2219, 1663, 1539, 700 cm⁻¹; MS (API-ES-, *m/z*) 266.0 (M-1).

PREPARATION 3

15 5-Methyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

Obtained as a brown solid (47%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 4-nitrobenzonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 13.26 (bs, 1H), 8.29 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.08 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (s, 3H); MS (API-ES-, m/z) 311.0 (M-1).

PREPARATION 4

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

Obtained as a brown solid (99%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 4-methoxybenzonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 10.21 (bs, 1H), 7.84 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.56 (t, 3H).

PREPARATION 5

5-Methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6carbonitrile.

Obtained as a brown solid (72%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 4-methylbenzonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 10.30 (bs, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J= 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H).

PREPARATION 6

20

5-Methyl-4-oxo-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

Obtained as a brown solid (81%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 4-trifluoromethylbenzonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 13.00 (bs, 1H), 8.12 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (t, 3H).

PREPARATION 7

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

10

Obtained as a brown solid (84%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 4-chlorobenzonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 13.16 (bs, 1H), 7.73 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H), 2.78 (s, 3H).

PREPARATION 8

2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

20

Obtained as a brown solid (99%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 3,4-dimethoxybenzonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d_s, 300 MHz) \mathcal{S} 12.62 (bs, 1H), 8.09 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.56 (s, 3H).

PREPARATION 9

2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-5-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

Obtained as a brown solid (22%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 1,3-benzodioxole-5-carbonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃, 300 MHz) δ 13.0 (bs, 1H), 7.79 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.7 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.15 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 3H).

10

PREPARATION 10

5-Methyl-4-oxo-2-pyridin-4-yl-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

Obtained as a brown solid (63%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and isonicotinonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 13.14 (bs, 1H), 8.77 (bs, 2H), 8.05 (bs, 2H), 2.67 (s, 3H).

PREPARATION 11

20

2-Benzyl-5-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

Obtained as a brown solid (65%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and phenylacetonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 10.80 (bs, 1H), 7.34 -7.28 (s, 5H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 2.71 (s, 3H).

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PREPARATION 12

5-Methyl-4-oxo-2-(4-benzoic acid methylester)-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

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Obtained as a brown solid (85%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and methyl 4-cyanobenzoate following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

m.p.> 250 °C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 300 MHz) δ 12.90 (bs, 1H), 8.51 (d, J=8.35 Hz, 2H), 8.10 (d, J=8.35 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 2.81 (s, 3H).

PREPARATION 13

5-Methyl-4-oxo-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydrothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile.

Obtained as a brown solid (63%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

25 m.p.> 250 °C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 300 MHz) δ 12.96 (bs, 1H), 7.73 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 6H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.81 (s, 3H).

PREPARATION 14

2-(3,4-Dimetoxi-bencil)-5-metil-4-oxo-3,4-dihidrotieno[2,3-d]pirimidin-6-carbonitrilo

Obtained as a brown solid (47%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 3,4-dimethoxyphenylacetonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

m.p.: > 250 °C; 1 H-NMR (DMSO-d6, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 12.40 (bs, 1H), 6.95-6.89 (m, 2H), 6.77-6.73 (m, 1H), 4.5 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.66 (s, 3H).

10

PREPARATION 15

5-Metil-4-oxo-2-(3,4,5-trimetoxibencil)-3,4-dihidrotieno[2,3-d]pirimidin-6-carbonitrilo

15

Obtained as a brown solid (69%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenylacetonitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

20 m.p.: > 250 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 10.80 (s, 1H), 6.27 (s, 2H), 4.23 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 6H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.85 (s, 3H).

PREPARATION 16

25 5-Metil-4-oxo-2-(feniletil)-3,4-dihidrotieno[2,3-d]pirimidin-6-carbonitrilo

Obtained as a brown solid (69%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 3-phenylpropanenitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

5 m.p.: > 250 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.37-7.22 (m, 5H), 3.16-2.93 (m, 4H), 22.62 (s, 3H).

PREPARATION 17

10 5-Metil-4-oxo-2-(fenilpropil)-3,4-dihidrotieno[2,3-d]pirimidin-6-carbonitrilo

Obtained as a brown solid (94%) from 2-amino-5-cyano-4-methylthiophene-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester and 4-phenylbutanenitrile following the experimental procedure described in preparation 2.

m.p.: > 250 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 11.6 (s, 1H), 7.28-7.14 (m, 5H), 3.06 (t, J= 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H), 2.72 (t, J= 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.27-2.15 (m, 2H).

20 EXAMPLES

Following the synthetic method described under scheme 3 a solution of the corresponding thienopyrimidinone (VI) (0.18 mmol) in phosphorous oxychloride (7 ml) was refluxed for 3-12 h. After cooling, POCl₃ was removed under reduced pressure, the residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (20 ml), and the organic layer was washed with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃, water and brine. Then, the organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to yield the corresponding crude 4-chlorothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine (VII), which was used in the next reaction step without further purification.

The corresponding amine (VIII) (1,3 eq.) was added to a solution of 0.27 mmol of the 4-chlorothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine (VII) in 25 ml of ethanol in a closable bottle. The bottle was closed with a polypropylene cap, and heated in a conventional oven at 75°C overnight. After cooling, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography to provide the final thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamine (I).

EXAMPLE 1

4-(4-Ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-5-methyl-2-phenylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

m.p. 178-179 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.49-8.45 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.47 (m, 3H), 3.66 (t, 4H, J = 4.4 Hz), 2.73 (s, 3H), 2.65 (t, 4H, J = 4.4 Hz), 2.49 (q, 2H, J = 7.1 Hz), 1.14 (t, 3H, J = 7.1 Hz); IR (KBr) 2969, 2212, 1533, 1491, 1446, 1261 cm⁻¹; MS (API-ES+, m/z) 364 (M+1)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₁N₅S (363.480): C, 66.09; H, 5.82; N, 19.27. Found: C, 65.36; H, 6.86; N, 19.05. Yield = 52%.

EXAMPLE 2

20

4-(4-Ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

m.p.: 173-175 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.43 (d, 2H, J = 8.7 Hz), 6.99 (d, 2H, J = 8.7 Hz), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.65 (t, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.65 (t, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz), 2.50 (q, 2H, J = 7.1 Hz), 1.15 (t, 3H, J = 7.1 Hz); IR (KBr) 2812, 2211, 1533, 1252, 1165 cm⁻¹; MS (API-ES+, m/z) 394 (M+1)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₃N₅OS (393.506): C, 64.10; H, 5.89; N, 17.80. Found: C, 63.80; H, 5.94; N, 17.37. Yield = 24 %.

EXAMPLE 3

4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-phenylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.43-8.46 (m, 2H); 7.45-7.47 (m, 3H), 3.60 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 4H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 6H); MS (API-ES+, m/z) 323 (M+1)⁺. C₁₈H₁₈N₄S (322.428), Yield = 52 %.

15

EXAMPLE 4

5-Methyl-2-phenyl-4-piperidin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

m.p. 142-144 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.45-8.48 (m, 2H), 7.45.7.47 (m, 3H), 3.52-4.55 (m, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.74 -1.77 (m, 6H). $C_{19}H_{18}N_4S$ (334.439), Yield = 36 %.

EXAMPLE 5

25

5-Methyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-4-piperidin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.62 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.29 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (bs, 4H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 1.76 (bs, 6H). $C_{19}H_{17}N_{5}O_{2}S$ (379.437), Yield = 20 %.

5

EXAMPLE 6

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-piperidin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10 m.P. 202-204 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz), δ 8.42 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (bs, 3H), 3.51 (bs, 4H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.75 (bs, 6H). Anal. Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{20}N_4OS$ (364.465): C, 65.91; H, 5.53; N, 15.37. Found: C, 66.74 H, 6.46; N, 15.27. Yield = 15 %.

EXAMPLE 7

15

5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.63 (d, J=8.72 Hz, 2H), 8.31 (d, J=8.72 Hz, 2H), 3.68-3.65 (m, 4H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 2.63-2.60 (m, 4H), 2.36(s, 3H); IR CHCl₃ (ν_{max}) 3392, 2969, 2939, 2925, 2212, 1594, 1532, 1519, 1464, 1418, 1341, 1292, 1180, 1132, 1106, 1045, 994, 870, 844, 794, 762, 736, 709 cm⁻¹; MS (API-ES+, m/z) 395.1 (M+1)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈N₆O₂S (394.451): C, 57.85; H, 4.60; N, 21.31. Found: C, 49.04; H, 5.17; N, 14.08. Yield = 57 %.

EXAMPLE 8

10 5-Methyl-2-phenyl-4-piperazin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 251-253 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.46-8.44 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.48 (m, 3H), 3.72-3.66 (m, 4H), 3.20-3.16 (m, 4H), 2.73 (s, 3H); IR CHCl₃ (ν_{max}) 3432, 2926, 2211, 1635, 1532, 1490, 1438, 1403, 1377, 1362, 1330, 1298, 1258, 1229, 1183, 1171, 1143, 1120, 1055, 1025, 862, 772, 706, 665 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₇N₅S (335.427): C, 64.45; H, 5.11; N, 20.88. Found: C, 58.03; H, 4.87; N, 17.74. Yield = 58%.

EXAMPLE 9

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. > 250 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.40 (d, J=8.84 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, J=8.84 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.66-3.62 (m, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 2.66-2.62 (m, 4H), 2.37 (s,3H); IR CHCl₃ (ν_{max}) 3316, 2963, 2818, 2729, 2488, 2218, 1653, 1635, 1604, 1582, 1522, 1495, 1468, 1427, 1417, 1400, 1381, 1334, 1303, 1285, 1247, 1196, 1171, 1146, 1105, 1088, 1068, 1047, 1022, 1000, 975, 846, 792, 777, 746 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₁N₅OS (379.480): C, 63.20; H, 5.58; N, 18.46. Found: C, 64.27; H, 5.71; N, 18.20. Yield = 46 %.

EXAMPLE 10

10

4-(Diethylamino)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 154-156 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.41 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.59 (q, J=6.8 Hz, 4H), 2.69 (s, 3H)1.23 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3413, 2212, 1605, 1538, 1245, 1021, 848 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₂₀N₄OS (352.454): C, 64.75; H, 5.72; N, 15.90. Found: C, 64.67; H, 5.86; N, 16.22. Yield = 44 %.

EXAMPLE 11

20

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-pyrrolidin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 176-178 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.40 (d, 2H, J = 8.7 Hz), 6.97 (d, 2H, J = 8.7 Hz), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.82-2.97 (m, 4H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 1.99-1.96 (m, 4H); IR (KBr) 2972, 2206, 1607, 1500, 1395, 1248, 1025 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈N₄OS (350.439): C, 65.12; H, 5.18; N, 15.99. Found: C, 65.30; H, 5.38; N, 19.32. Yield = 43 %.

EXAMPLE 12

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-piperazin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

M. P. 210-212 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.36 (2H, d, J=9.0 Hz, H-phenyl), 7.07 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.64-3.58 (m, 4H), 3.02-2.96 (m, 4H), 2.67 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3432, 2210, 1605, 1533, 1492, 1436, 1336, 1253, 1166, 1026, 980, 848, 794 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{19}H_{19}N_5OS$ (365.453): C, 62.44; H, 5.24; N, 19.16. Found: C, 60.72; H, 5.44; N, 19.44. Yield = 36 %.

EXAMPLE 13

20 5-Methyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-4-piperazin-1-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 250 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.43 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.33 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.50-3.45 (m, 4H), 3.36-3.31 (m, 4H), 2.67 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3447, 3090, 2219, 1667, 1551, 1521, 1482, 1428, 1379, 1337, 1295, 1211, 1107, 1042, 1004, 870, 845, 709, 647, 538 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₆N₆O₂S (380.425): C, 56.83; H, 4.24; N, 22.09. Found: C, 56.79; H, 4.76; N, 22.79. Yield = 62 %.

EXAMPLE 14

4-(Dibutylamino)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 96-98 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.42 (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz), 6.99 (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.55 (t, 4H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.69 (s, 3H), 1.63 (q, 4H, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.25 (hex, 4H, J = 7.2 Hz), 0.88 (t, 6H, J = 7.2 Hz); IR (KBr) 2957, 2210, 1606, 1531, 1334, 1251 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₃H₂₈N₄OS (408.561); C, 67.61; H, 6.91; N, 13.71. Found: C, 67.87; H, 6.89; N, 13.53. Yield = 38%.

20

EXAMPLE 15

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

M.p. 209-210 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.41 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.45 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 3.66 (t, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.63 (t, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz), 2.36 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 2937, 2212, 1532, 1446, 1264, 1089 cm⁻¹; MS (API-ES+, m/z) 384 (M+1)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈CIN₅S (383.899): C, 59.44; H, 4.73; N, 18.24. Found: C, 59.12; H, 4.79; N, 18.53. Yield = 30 %.

EXAMPLE 16

10 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 208-209 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.12 (dd, 1H, J = 8.4, 1.8 Hz), 8.05 (d, 1H, J = 1.8 Hz), 6.98 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 4.03 (s, 3H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.64 (t, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.64 (t, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz), 2.39 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 2933, 2210, 1517, 1456, 1251, 1025 cm⁻¹; MS (API-ES+, m/z) 384 (M-CN+1)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₂H₂₃N₅O₂S (409.506): C, 61.59; H, 5.66; N, 17.10. Found: C, 55.24; H, 5.64; N, 16.71. Yield = 16 %.

EXAMPLE 17

4-[Ethyl(methyl)amino]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 122-123 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.42 (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz), 6.98 (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.64 (q, 2H, J = 7.1 Hz), 3.14 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.32 (t, 3H, J = 7.1 Hz); IR (KBr) 2933, 2209, 1606, 1582, 1395, 1250 cm⁻¹; MS (API-ES+, m/z) 339 (M+1)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈ N₄OS (338.428): C, 63.88; H, 5.36; N, 16.56. Found: C, 63.83; H, 5.37; N, 16.55. Yield = 58 %.

EXAMPLE 18

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4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.61 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 8.30 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (q, J=6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.26 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3429, 2925, 2360, 2208, 1730, 1596, 1535, 1276, 714 cm⁻¹. $C_{18}H_{17}N_5O_2S$ (367.426). Yield = 44 %.

EXAMPLE 19

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2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(diethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.38 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.58 (q, J=6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3394, 2969, 2921, 2860, 2360, 2211, 1531, 849, 736 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₇ClN₄S (356.873): C, 60.58; H, 4.80; N, 15.70. Found: C, 59.41; H, 5.66; N, 12.68.Yield = 45 %.

EXAMPLE 20

4-(Diethylamino)-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-

M.P. 159-161 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.02-8.11 (m, 2H); 6.94 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (s, 3H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.58 (q, J=6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.68 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3448, 2987, 2213, 1516, 1018, 796 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{22}N_4O_2S$ (382.480): C, 62.80; H, 5.80; N, 14.65. Found: C, 61.23; H, 5.76; N, 14.04. Yield = 22 %.

EXAMPLE 21

20 4-(Dimethylamino)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.p. 123-125 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.42 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.26 (s, 6H), 2.70 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3419, 2926, 2853, 2206, 1606, 1512, 839 cm⁻¹. $C_{17}H_{16}N_4OS$ (324.401). Yield = 23 %.

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EXAMPLE 22

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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M.p. 204-206 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.41 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.92-3.88 (m, 4H), 3.87(s, 3H), 3.60-3.56 (m, 4H), 2.72 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3438, 2964, 2837, 2210, 1605, 1583, 1533, 1489, 1464, 1426, 1400, 1380, 1363, 1326, 1301, 1252, 1235, 1189, 1162, 1118, 1067, 1030, 985, 926, 869, 847, 796, 748, 698, 672, 635, 614, 563, 484 cm⁻¹. Anal.Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈N₄O₂S (366.438): C, 62.28; H, 4.95; N, 15.29. Found: C, 58.38; H, 4.76; N, 14.32. Yield = 55 %.

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EXAMPLE 23

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.p. 205-207 °C; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.40 (d, J=8.50 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J=8.50 Hz, 2H), 3.91-3.88 (m, 4H), 3.61-3.60 (m, 4H), 2.72 (s, 3H). Anal.Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₅ClN₄OS (370.857); C, 58.30; H, 4.08; N, 15.11. Found: C, 42.51; H, 6.56; N, 11.03. Yield = 69%.

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EXAMPLE 24

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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M.p. 160-171 °C; 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃ , 300 MHz) δ 8.42 (d, J=9.10 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J=9.10 Hz, 2H), 4.26 (d, J=2.35 Hz), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 1H). Anal.Calcd. for $C_{19}H_{16}N_4OS$ (348.423): C, 65.50; H, 4.63; N, 16.08. Found: C, 63.56; H, 4.84; N, 11.03. Yield = 39%.

EXAMPLE 25

4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 144-146 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.25 (d, J=8.74 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J=8.74 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (t, J=4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (t, J=4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.62 (s, 3H). Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈N₄O₂S (354.427): C, 61.00; H, 5.12; N, 15.81. Found: C, 60.74; H, 5.31; N, 14.78. Yield = 43 %.

EXAMPLE 26

2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-[ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-10 carbonitrile

M.P. 133-135 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.11 (dd, 1H, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz), 8.05 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 6.96 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 4.01 (s, 3H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.65 (q, 2H, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, 3H, J = 7.0 Hz); IR (KBr) 2210, 1601, 1538, 1418, 1339, 1271, 1024 cm⁻¹. Anal.Calcd. for C₁₉H₂₀N₄O₂S (368.454): C, 61.94; H, 5.47; N, 15.21. Found: C, 60.34; H, 5.42; N, 14.09. Yield = 50 %.

EXAMPLE 27

5-Methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonítrile

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M.P. 207-209 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.36 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.29 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 3.65 (t, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.63 (t, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 2797, 2211, 1533, 1492, 1363, 1172 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₁N₅S (363.480): C, 66.09; H, 5.82; N, 19.27. Found: C, 64.11; H, 5.77; N, 18.45. Yield = 34%.

EXAMPLE 28

4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-10 carbonitrile

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.55 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.63 (q, J=6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.25 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3419, 2976, 2926, 2209, 1535, 1517, 1325, 1116, 854, 695 cm⁻¹. 1 C₁₉H₁₇F₃N₄S (390.426). Yield = 33 %.

EXAMPLE 29

4-[Allyl(methyl)amino]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 126-128 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.40 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.92-6.00 (m, 1H), 5.27-5.37 (m, 2H), 4.17 (d, J=5.4 Hz, 2H),3.87 (s, 3H), 3.09 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3433, 2962, 2916, 2360, 2206, 1533, 1251, 1168, 847, 790 cm⁻¹. Anal.Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈N₄OS (350.439): C, 65.12; H, 5.18; N, 15.99. Found: C, 65.70; H, 6.13; N, 13.52. Yield = 23 %.

EXAMPLE 30

2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-0] d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.87-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.09 (d, J=8.45 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (m, 2H), 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 6H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H); MS (API-ES+, m/z) 385.1 (M+1)⁺. C₁₉H₂₀N₄O₃S (384.453). Yield = 9 %.

EXAMPLE 31

20 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 194-196 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.11-8.02 (m, 3H), 6.95 (d, J=8.46 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.92-3.88 (m, (4H), 3.60-3.56 (m, 4H), 2.72 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3448, 2963, 2838, 2361, 2209, 1600, 1535, 1492, 1463, 1407, 1378, 1339, 1267, 1252, 1230, 1183, 1136, 1113, 1064, 1024, 990, 915, 876, 861, 827, 790, 768, 740, 676 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{20}N_4O_3S$ (396.464): C, 60.59; H, 5.08; N, 14.13. Found: C, 60.04; H, 5.09; N, 13.94. Yield = 47 %.

EXAMPLE 32

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5-Methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 206-207 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.34 (d, J=8.14 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J=8.14 Hz, 2H), 3.91-3.88 (m, 4H), 3.61-3.58 (m, 4H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3447, 3023, 2982, 2928, 2863, 2210, 1605, 1524, 1489, 1441, 1377, 1329, 1267, 1170, 1112, 987, 868, 791, 735 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈N₄OS (350.439): C, 65.12; H, 5.18; N, 15.99. Found: C, 59.65; H, 4.85; N, 14.64. Yield = 92 %.

EXAMPLE 33

5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 187-189 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.58 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.63 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.38 (s, 3H). Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₈F₃N₅S (417.452): C, 57.54; H, 4.35; N, 16.78. Found: C, 57.75; H, 4.76; N, 15.98. Yield = 29 %.

EXAMPLE 34

2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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M.P. 196-197 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.07 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (s, 2H), 3.61 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 2.61 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.37 (s, 3H). Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₉N₅O₂S (393.463): C, 61.05; H, 4.87; N, 17.80. Found: C, 59.92; H, 4.91; N, 17.26. Yield = 43 %.

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EXAMPLE 35

4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.33 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.58 (q, J=6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.22 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3440, 2970, 2928, 2209, 1534, 734 cm $^{-1}$. C₁₉H₂₀N₄S (336.455). Yield = 32 %.

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EXAMPLE 36

2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-4-(diethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10 M.P. 199-201°C; 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.06 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H) 6.88 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (s, 2H), 3.58 (q, J=6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 1.22 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3440, 2972, 2901, 2205, 1531, 1445, 1035, 928, 737 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{19}H_{18}N_4O_2S$ (366.438): C, 62.28; H, 4.95; N, 15.29. Found: C, 63.84; H, 5.67; N, 14.28. Yield = 17 %.

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EXAMPLE 37

2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

M.P. 197-198°C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.07 (dd, J=8.24 y 1.65 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J=1.65 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.24 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (s, 2H), 3.90-3.87 (m, 4H), 3.59-3.50 (m, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3445, 2960, 2901, 2858, 2207, 1376, 1358, 1324, 1257, 1231, 1178, 1149, 1111, 1066, 917, 878, 862, 827, 811, 789, 738, 713 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for

 $C_{19}H_{16}N_4O_3S$ (380.422): C, 59.99; H, 4.24; N, 14.73. Found: C, 58.82; H, 4.20; N, 14.25. Yield = 57 %.

EXAMPLE 38

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4-[Ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-pyridin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.p. 162-164 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.75 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 8.28 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.9 (s, 3H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); IR (KBr) 2970, 2212, 1599, 1539, 1381, 1181, 1024 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₅N₅S (309.390): C, 62.11; H, 4.89; N, 22.64. Found: C, 61.46; H, 4.83; N, 21.87. Yield = 55 %.

EXAMPLE 39

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4-[Ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 163-164 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 7.78 (s, 2H), 3.99 (s, 6H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.67 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); IR (KBr) 2937, 2210, 1537, 1391, 1127 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₂N₄O₃S (398.480): C, 60.28; H, 5.56; N, 14.06. Found: C, 59.98; H, 5.43; N, 13.95. Yield = 55 %.

EXAMPLE 40

2-Benzyl-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

Oil; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 7.42-7.24 (m, 5H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.53 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 2.53 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.34 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 2934, 2212, 1532, 1261, 1140 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₁N₅S (363.480): C, 66.09; H, 5.82; N, 19.27. Found: C, 64.48; H, 5.90; N, 19.51. Yield = 81 %.

EXAMPLE 41

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5-Methyl-4-morpholin-4-yl-2-pyridin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. > 250°C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.75 (d, J=5.51 Hz, 2H), 8.27 (d, J=5.51 Hz, 2H), 3.92-3.88 (m, 4H), 3.66-3.62 (m, 4H), 2.74 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3434, 2950, 2922, 2852, 2210, 1448, 1427, 1401, 1379, 1367, 1324, 1301, 1242, 1181, 1110, 1053, 1011, 984, 916, 869, 846, 789 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₅N₅OS (337.400): C, 60.52; H, 4.48; N, 20.76. Found: C, 58.97; H, 4.50; N, 20.05. Yield = 53 %.

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EXAMPLE 42

4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-pyridin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 194-195 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.73 (d, J=6.15 Hz, 2H), 8.30 (d, J=6.15 Hz, 2H), 3.64-3.57 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.48 (m, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 2.76 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3279, 2215, 1601, 1566, 1534, 1518, 1492, 1439, 1400, 1371, 1331, 1270, 1155, 1123, 1069, 1038, 1000, 845, 795, 748, 702, 672 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₅N₅OS (325.389): C, 59.06; H, 4.65; N, 21.52. Found: C, 48.32; H, 4.02; N, 21.90. Yield = 40 %.

EXAMPLE 43

10 2-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 195-197 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.99 (dd, J=8.24 y 1.65 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J=1.65 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=8.24 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (s, 2H), 4.01-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.91-3.87 (m, 2H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 2.71 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3548, 3426, 2901, 2206, 1735, 1625, 1539, 1501, 1444, 1404, 1377, 1363, 1343, 1324, 1249, 1192, 1109, 1076, 1059, 1032, 1009, 953, 933, 914, 878, 833, 812, 792, 738, 713 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁8H₁6N₄O₃S (368.411): C, 58.68; H, 4.38; N, 15.21. Found: C, 57.66; H, 4.56; N, 15.01. Yield = 39%.

EXAMPLE 44

4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.35 (d, J=8.24 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J=8.24 Hz, 2H), 4.00-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.91-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3457, 3413, 2960, 2921, 2211, 1670, 1610, 1535, 1495, 1436, 1408, 1391, 1375, 1331, 1302, 1173, 1125, 1050, 1028, 1005, 835, 788, 736, 692 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈N₄OS (338.428): C, 63.88; H, 5.36; N, 16.56. Found: C, 62.71; H, 5.68; N, 16.26. Yield = 42 %.

EXAMPLE 45

15 4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-pyridin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 169-171 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.75 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H); 8.26 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.63 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 4H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.25 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3423, 2924, 2212, 1597, 1535, 842, 785 cm⁻¹.Anal. Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₇N₅S (323.417): C, 63.13; H, 5.30; N, 21.65. Found: C, 63.97; H, 5.40; N, 21.47. Yield = 8 %.

EXAMPLE 46

25 2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-(dimethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 198-200 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.10 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3 .17 (s, 6H), 2.71 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3440, 2110, 1667, 1602, 1456, 1024, 790 cm⁻¹. $C_{18}H_{18}N_4O_2S$ (354.427) Yield = 12 %.

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EXAMPLE 47

2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4-(propylamino)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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M.P. 179-181 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 8.09 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (bs, 1H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 3.95 (s 3H), 3.62-3.74 (m, 2H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 1.72-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.06 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 3H); IR (KBr) 3440, 2926, 2204, 1671, 1556, 1269, 785 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{19}H_{20}N_4O_2S$ (368.454): C, 61.94; H, 5.47; N, 15.21. Found: C, 60.97; H, 6.00; N, 15.11. Yield = 6 %.

EXAMPLE 48

4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 7.76 (s, 2H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.59 (q, J=7.1 Hz, 4H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.25 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3438, 2962, 2936, 2210, 1737, 1531,

1127, 858, 713 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{21}H_{24}N_4O_3S$ (412.506): C, 61.14; H, 5.86; N, 13.58. Found: C, 61.00; H, 6.44; N, 13.92. Yield = 33 %.

EXAMPLE 49

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2-Benzyl-4-(diethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ 7.17-7.38 (m, 5H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 3.51 (q, J=6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 1.12 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H), IR (KBr) 3369, 1727, 1534, 1494, 794 cm⁻¹. $C_{19}H_{20}N_4S$ (336.455). Yield = 12 %.

EXAMPLE 50

15 5-Methyl-4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-2-phenyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 223-225 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.48-8.40 (m, 3H), 7.49-7. 46 (m, 3H), 3.69-3.63 (m, 4H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.66-2.62 (m, 4H), 2.38 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3416, 2969, 2921, 2212, 1532, 1445, 1402, 1377, 1360, 1326, 1298, 1172, 1141, 1063, 1027, 998, 861, 772, 705, 691, 680, 661 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₉N₅S (349.454): C, 65.30; H, 5.48; N, 20.04. Found: C, 62.32; H, 5.27; N, 20.75. Yield = 42 %.

EXAMPLE 51

5-Methyl-4-morpholin-4-yl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxy-phenyl)-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

5 M.P. >250 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.76 (s, 2H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.91-3.88 (m, 4H), 3.59-3.56 (m, 4H,), 2.73 (s, 3H,); IR (KBr) 3391, 2922, 2846, 2359, 2209, 1592, 1291, 1225, 1156, 986, 792, 733 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₂N₄O₄S (426.490): C, 59.14; H, 5.20; N, 13.14. Found: C, 56.47; H, 5.96; N, 13.72. Yield = 55 %

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EXAMPLE 52

4-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxy-phenyl)-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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M.P. 164-166 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.68 (s, 2H,), 3.99 (t, J=4.64 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (s, 6H,), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.88 (t, J=4.64 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3513, 2935, 2210, 2203, 1692, 1591, 1538, 1501, 1463, 1391, 1224, 1004, 925, 789, 717 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{22}N_4O_4S$ (414.479): C, 57.96; H, 5.35; N, 13.52. Found: C, 58.96; H, 5.96; N, 13.72. Yield = 19 %.

EXAMPLE 53

2-(3,5-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.64 (s, 2H), 6.59 (d, 1H), 3.87 (s, 6H), 3.61 (bs, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 2.59 (bs, 4H), 2.34 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3440, 2938, 2210, 1740, 1591, 1534, 1150, 792 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₃N₅O₂S (409.506): C, 61.59; H, 5.66; N, 17.10. Found: C, 61.05; H, 5.78; N, 17.78. Yield = 42 %.

EXAMPLE 54

4-Diethylamino-2-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-5-methyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-10 carbonitrile

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.64 (s, J=2.3 Hz, 2H), 6.58 (t, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 6H), 3.59 (c, J=6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr) 3399, 2976, 2934, 2211, 1522, 1442, 1199, 1067, 738 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{22}N_4O_2S$ (382.480): C, 62.80; H, 5.80; N, 14.65. Found: C, 62.36; H, 5.87; N, 14.82. Yield = 44 %.

EXAMPLE 55

2-(3,5-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-4-(ethyl-methyl-amino)-5-methyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P. 145-148°C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.65 (d, J=2.34 Hz 2H), 6.59 (t, J=2.34 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 6H), 3.64 (dd, J= 7.04 Hz, 4.07 Hz, 2H,), 3.14 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.31 (t, J=7.04 Hz, 3H); IR NaCl (ν_{max}) 2210, 1521, 1497, 1442, 1391, 1202, 1064 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₂₀N₄O₂S (368.454): C, 61.94; H, 5.47; N, 15.21. Found: C, 61.04; H, 5.64; N, 15.85. Yield = 50 %.

EXAMPLE 56

4-(6-Cyano-4-diethylamino-5-methyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)-benzoic acid methyl ester

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.49 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.11 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.63 (c, J=7.2 Hz, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.25 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr) 3393, 3295, 2213, 1714, 1531, 1274, 1017, 717 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{20}N_4O_2S$ (380.465): C, 63.14; H, 5.30; N, 14.73. Found: C, 60.89; H, 5.47; N, 14.39. Yield = 24 %.

EXAMPLE 57

4-[6-Cyano-4-(ethyl-methyl-amino)-5-methyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl]-benzoic acid methyl ester

M.P. 125-128 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.51 (d, J=8.35 Hz, 2H), 8.10 (d, J=8.35 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.67 (dd, J=14.22 Hz, 7.18 Hz, 2H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, J=14.22 Hz, 3H); IR (KBr) 2211, 1721, 1643, 1536, 1496, 1277, 1103, 1015, 719 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈N₄O₂S (366.438): C, 62.28; H, 4.95; N, 15.29. Found: C, 59.28; H, 5.13; N, 15.22. Yield = 57 %.

EXAMPLE 58

2-Benzyl-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-yl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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M.P. 88-90°C; 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.38-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 1H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.80-3.76 (m, 4H), 3.51-3.47 (m, 4H) 2.65 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3385, 3061, 3028, 2963, 2498, 1532, 1298, 1093, 997, 861, 798, 696 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈N₄OS (350.439): C, 65.12; H, 5.18; N, 15.99. Found: C, 63.16; H, 5.47; N, 15.39. Yield = 59 %.

EXAMPLE 59

2-Benzyl-4-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-5-methyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-20 carbonitrile

¹H-NMR δ 7.42-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.27-7.23 (m, 1H), 4.15 (s, 2H), 3.89 (t, J=4.64 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (t, J=4.64 Hz, 2H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 2.69 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3401, 3085, 3028, 2924, 1503, 1257, 1074, 1029, 800, 784, 695 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈N₄OS (338.428): C, 63.88; H, 5.36; N, 16.56. Found: C, 63.32; H, 5.05; N, 16.55. Yield = 43 %.

EXAMPLE 60

5-Methyl-4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxy-phenyl)-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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 1 H-NMR (CDCI₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.77 (s, 2H), 3.98 (s, 6H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.65-3.62 (m, 4H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 2.68-2.63 (m, 4H), 2.39 (s, 3H); IR (KBr) 3384, 2925, 2851, 2360, 1733, 1590, 1507, 1259, 1124, 998, 779 cm $^{-1}$. $C_{22}H_{25}N_5O_3S$ (439.532). Yield = 75 %.

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EXAMPLE 61

Methyl 4-(6-cyano-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)benzoate

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 8.52 (d, J= 8.3 Hz, 2H), 8.13 (d, J= 8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.93-3.88 (m, 4H), 3.65-3.60 (m, 4H), 2.74 (s, 3H). Yield = 75 %.

EXAMPLE 62

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Methyl 4-[6-cyano-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thleno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl]benzoate

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 8.46 (d, J= 7.1 Hz, 2H), 8.24 (d, J= 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.62 (bs, 4H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.60 (bs, 4H), 2.42 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3395, 2925, 2209, 1719, 1536, 1324, 11183, 719. Yield = 45 %.

EXAMPLE 63

Methyl 4-[6-cyano-4-(dimethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl] benzoate

10

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 8.55 (d, J= 8.5Hz, 2H), 8.14 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.23 (s, 6H), 2.75 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): νmáx (cm⁻¹) 2360, 2341, 2211, 1719, 1540, 1519, 1497, 1276. Yield = 82 %.

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EXAMPLE 64

Methyl 4-{6-cyano-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl}benzoate

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 8.43 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.10 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.02-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.94-3.84 (m, 2H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 2.72 (s, 3H). Yield = 40 %.

EXAMPLE 65

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5-methyl-4-(methylamino)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.79 (s, 2H), 5.52 (bs, 1H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.28 (d, J= 4.8 Hz, 3H), 2.77 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3439, 2923, 2852, 1728, 1576, 1128, 788. Yield = 13 %.

EXAMPLE 66

4-(Dimethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.79 (s, 2H), 3.99 (s, 6H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.20 (s, 6H), 2.74 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): νmáx (cm⁻¹) 2951, 2928, 2206, 1542, 1503, 1464, 1384, 1340, 1220, 1127, 997. Yield = 81 %.

EXAMPLE 67

4-(Ethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.77 (s, 2H), 5.40 (bs, 1H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.79-3.75 (m, 2H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 1.39 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3443, 2955, 2207, 1575, 1400, 1344, 1127, 788. Yield = 52 %.

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EXAMPLE 68

5-Methyl-4-(propylamino)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.79 (s, 2H), 5.63 (m, 1H), 3.99 (s, 6H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.72 (m, 2H), 2.79 (s, 3H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.08 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3594, 3526, 2957, 2211, 1508, 11224, 1126. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 399.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 77 %.

EXAMPLE 69

4-(Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

15

M.P.: 192-194 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.79 (s, 2H), 5.60 (bs, 1H), 3.99 (s, 6H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.76 (m, 2H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.02 (t, J= 7.2 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{méx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3428, 2955, 2872, 2212, 1222, 1174, 1129, 1088, 731, 722. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 413.0 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 75 %.

<u>EXAMPLE 70</u>

4-(Isopropylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-10 carbonitrile

M.P. 191-193 °C. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.76 (s, 2H), 5.36 (bs, 1H), 4.58-4.43 (m, 1H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.76 (s, 3H), 1.32 (d, J= 5.9 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): $v_{\text{méx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3444, 2969, 2933, 2212, 1551, 1399, 1128. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 399.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 75 %.

EXAMPLE 71

4-(sec-Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-20 carbonitrile

M.P.: 91-93 °C. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.76 (s, 2H), 5.35 (d, J= 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.47-4.41 (m, 1H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.76 (s, 3H), 1.80-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.36 (d, J= 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.03 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3464, 2962, 2832, 2205, 1553, 1398, 1343, 1133, 1006, 789, 732. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 413.1 (M+1)*. Yield = 41 %.

EXAMPLE 72

4-(Isobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-

M.P.: 182-184 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.76(s, 2H), 5.67 (t, J= 5.4 Hz, 1H,), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.55 (t, J= 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (s, 3H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 1.03 (d, J= 6.9 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3447, 3431, 2952, 2210, 1551, 1507, 1084, 789, 731. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 413.3 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 95 %.

EXAMPLE 73

4-[(1-Ethylpropyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

15

M.P.: 226-228 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.76 (s, 2H), 5.33 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.36-4.33 (m, 1H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 2.76 (s, 3H), 1.78-1.53 (m, 4H), 1.01 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3465, 2965, 2205, 1553, 1507, 1398, 1132, 1005, 789, 617. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 427.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 67 %.

EXAMPLE 74

4-(tert-Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-10 carbonitrile

M.P.: 195-197 °C.; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.77 (s, 2H), 5.51 (bs, 1H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 9H). IR (KBr): $v_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3468, 2952, 2209, 1553, 1508, 1401, 1129, 1009, 789, 731. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 413.2 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 75 %.

EXAMPLE 75

4-(Cyclopropylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.86 (s, 2H), 5.75 (s, 1H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.39 (s, 3H), 3.06 (m. 1H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 0.99 (dd, J= 6.6 Hz, 2H), 0.72 (dd, J= 6.6 Hz, 2H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 2209, 1556, 1505, 1445, 1400, 1342, 1233, 1176, 1131, 865, 789, 732. Yield = 55 %.

EXAMPLE 76

4-(Cyclobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-10 carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.78 (s, 2H), 5.63 (d, J= 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (m, 1H), 3.99 (s, 6H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.58 (m, 2H), 2.04 (m, 2H), 1.94 (m, 2H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 2350, 2202, 1565, 1505, 1447, 1399, 1341, 1125, 859, 787. Yield = 55 %.

EXAMPLE 77

4-(Cyclopentylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

15

M.P.: 218-220 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.78 (s, 2H), 5.50 (d, J= 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.67-4.60 (m, 1H), 3.96 (s, 6H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.40.22 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.49 (m, 6H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{máx}$ (cm⁻¹) 3477, 2962, 2936, 2866, 2070, 1553, 1372, 1125, 790, 732. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 425.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 63 %.

EXAMPLE 78

4-[Allyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 162-164 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.75 (s, 2H), 6.10-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.38 -5.33 (m, 2H), 4.19-4.16 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 6H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.11 (s, 3H), 2.71 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{máx}$ (cm⁻¹) 3365, 2361, 1728, 1536, 1133, 1007, 784. Yield = 38 %.

EXAMPLE 79

5-Methyl-4-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.83 (s, 2H), 4.28 (bs, 2H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 3H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.33 (bs, 1H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3293, 3246, 2993, 2939, 2826, 2359, 2212, 1537, 1462, 733. Yield = 42 %.

EXAMPLE 80

4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.71 (s, 2H), 6.10 (bs, 1H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.96-3.91 (m, 4H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.78 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3494, 3453, 2212, 1651, 1582, 1556, 1511, 1222, 1180, 735. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 401.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 43 %.

EXAMPLE 81

4-[(2-Methoxyethyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-20 d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.74 (s, 2H), 6.02 (ta, 1H), 3.96 (s, 6H), 3.94-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.68 (t, J= 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 2.75 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3500, 3406, 2924, 2205, 1715, 1569, 1555, 1511, 1447, 1224, 730. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 415.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 42 %.

EXAMPLE 82

4-{[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]amino}-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno [2,3-10 d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.73(s, 2H), 6.72 (bs, 1H), 3.98 (s, 6H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.72 (m, 2H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.65 (bs, 2H), 2.34 (s, 6H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3429, 2943, 2825, 2773, 2360, 2341, 2209, 1570, 1508, 1448, 1223, 1127, 732. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 426.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 36 %.

EXAMPLE 83

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5-Methyl-4-(3-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

15

M.P.: 213-215 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.75 (s, 2H), 3.96 (s, 6H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.88 (da, 1H), 3.25 (td, J= 11.0 y 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (m, 3H), 2.82 (dd, J= 12.6 y 10.6 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.11 (d, J= 6.2 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 2209, 1533, 1498, 1394, 1344, 1223, 1126, 1005, 733. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 440.2 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 44 %.

EXAMPLE 84

4-(3,5-Dimethylpiperazin-1-yl)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-10 d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 186-188 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.75 (s, 2H), 4.04 (s, 6H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 1H), 3.87 (s, 1H), 3.12 (bs, 2H), 2.82 (t, J= 11 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 1.12 (d, J= 6.2 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3321, 2961, 2933, 2831, 2212, 1591, 1395, 1126, 1005, 861, 786, 717. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 454.2 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 17 %.

EXAMPLE 85

4-(4-Acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimi-20 dine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 211-213 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.75 (s, 2H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.69 (bs, 2H), 3.59 (bs, 2H), 3.55 (bs, 2H), 3.54 (bs, 2H), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3433, 2914, 2211, 1639, 1535, 1432, 1258, 1132, 998, 792. Yield = 53 %.

EXAMPLE 86

4-[(2-Aminoethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

M.P.: > 290 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.78 (s, 2H), 6.68 (ta, 2H), 3.99 (s, 6H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.77 (ca, 2H), 2.97 (ta, 2H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3427, 1575, 1506, 1446, 1396, 1221, 1126, 1001, 788, 668. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 414.3 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 45 %.

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EXAMPLE 87

N-[6-Cyano-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl]-beta-alanine

M.P.: 222-225 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.79 (bs, 2H), 5.51 (bs,4H), 3.95 (bs, 6H), 3.86 (bs, 3H), 2.79 (bs, 3H), 2.17 (bs, 1H). IR (KBr): $v_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹)3 440, 2947, 2211, 1713, 1551, 1400, 1126, 789, 733. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 429.2 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 25 %.

EXAMPLE 88

 $5-Methyl-4-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl) thieno \cite{Continuous} 2,3-d] pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile$

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M.P.: 209-214 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 8.52 (bs, 1H), 7.88 (bs, 1H), 7.80 (s, 2H), 6.62 (bs, 1H), 3.99 (s, 6H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 2.66 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3433, 2934, 2836, 2216, 1520, 1492, 1235, 1225, 1185, 635. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 408 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 66 %.

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EXAMPLE 89

4-(1H-Imidazol-1-yl)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 238-240 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 8.04 (bs, 1H), 7.80 (s, 2H), 7.44 (bs, 1H), 7.34 (bs, 1H), 3.98 (s, 6H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3425, 3123, 2933, 2218, 1556, 1408, 1128, 1004, 711. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 408.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 33 %.

EXAMPLE 90

5-Methyl-4-(2H-1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

M.P.: 208-210 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): δ (ppm) 8.05 (s, 2H), 7.82 (s, 2H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3439, 2939, 2216, 1558, 1520, 1398, 1126, 1000, 839, 713. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 409.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 32 %.

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EXAMPLE 91

5-Methyl-4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 236-240 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCI₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 2H), 3.98 (s, 6H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 2.63 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{méx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3435, 2939, 2214, 1560, 1507, 1491, 1178, 1126. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 409.2 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 60 %.

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EXAMPLE 92

$\hbox{$2$-(3,4$-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5$-methyl-4$-morpholin-4$-ylthieno[2,3$-d] pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile}\\$

10

M.P.: 67-70 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.81 (t, J= 4.0 Hz, 4H), 3,49 (t, J= 4.0 Hz, 4H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 2960, 2855, 2212, 1534, 1495, 1442, 730. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 411.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 46 %.

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EXAMPLE 93

2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.24-6.94 (m, 2H), 6.90-6.79 (m, 1H), 4.08 (s, 2H), 3.83 (d, J= 4.8 Hz, 6H), 3.54-3.49 (m, 4H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.54-2.49 (m, 4H), 2.32 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3435, 2935, 2839, 2791, 2211, 1534, 1261, 1140, 1028, 729. Yield = 58 %.

EXAMPLE 94

10 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-(methylamino)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 161-163 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (bs, 1H), 4.04 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.14 (d, J= 4.9 Hz, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3416, 1926, 2212, 1676, 1578, 1512, 1230, 1026, 753. Yield = 60 %.

EXAMPLE 95

20 2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-(ethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 125-126 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.23 (s, 1H), 6.95 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (ta, 1H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.66-3.61 (m, 2H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, J= 7.3 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3436, 2931, 2214, 1577, 1506, 1445, 1398, 1270, 1025, 808, 765. Yield = 48 %.

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EXAMPLE 96

2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-(propylamino)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J= 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (s, J= 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (bs, 1H), 4.04 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.60 (c, J= 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.00 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3433, 2961, 2210, 1572, 1549, 1508, 1448, 1260, 1234, 1154, 1028, 731, 559. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 383.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 85 %.

EXAMPLE 97

4-(Cyclopropylamino)-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-20 carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.97 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (bs, 1H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.96 (m, 1H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 0.89 (m, 2H), 0.56 (m, 2H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3433, 2961, 2210, 1572, 1549, 1508, 1448, 1260, 1234, 1154, 1028, 731, 559. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 388.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 83 %.

EXAMPLE 98

4-(Cyclobutylamino)-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.55 (d, J= 6.22 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (m, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 2.44 (m, 2H), 1.85 (m, 4H). IR (KBr): $v_{máx}$ (cm⁻¹) 3428, 2939, 2211, 1568, 1547, 1260, 1234, 731. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 395.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 80 %.

EXAMPLE 99

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2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-(dimethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.97 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.08 (s, 6H), 2.64 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 2998, 2955, 2933, 2834, 2211, 1513, 1261, 1234, 1155, 1027. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 369.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 84 %.

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EXAMPLE 100

2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-[ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.97 (d, J= 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (dd, J= 7.9 Hz y 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J= 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.52 (c, J= 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (s, 3H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 1.20 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3430, 2963, 2934, 2834, 2252, 2211, 1261, 1235, 767. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 383.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 83 %.

EXAMPLE 101

4-(Diethylamino)-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 107-109 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.95-6.89 (m, 2H), 6.78-6.74 (m, 1H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.49 (c, J= 7.1 Hz, 4H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 1.14 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3418, 2926, 2212, 1516, 1267, 1137, 1030. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 397.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 37 %.

EXAMPLE 102

20 4-[Allyl(methyl)amino]-2-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 98-100 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.97-6.91 (m, 2H), 6.79-6.76 (m, 1H), 5.87-5.82 (m, 1H), 5.28 (d, J= 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 1H), 4.08-4.05 (m, 3H), 3.87-3.82 (m, 7H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 2.64 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3433, 2969, 2934, 2217, 1538, 1507, 1259, 1024, 798. Yield = 55 %.

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EXAMPLE 103

2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-5-methyl-4-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.98-6.93 (m, 2H), 6.77 (d, J= 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.14 (s, 3H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 2.30 (bs, 1H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3412, 3280, 2931, 2832, 2212, 1536, 1463, 1261, 1028, 911, 797, 730. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 393.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 39 %.

EXAMPLE 104

2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-20 d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 149-151 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.93-6.88 (m, 2H), 6.77 (d, J= 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (bs, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.85-3.76 (m, 10 H), 3.09 (t, J= 8.9 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3457, 3205, 2996, 2934, 2832, 2208, 1673, 1574, 1448, 1262, 796, 761, 647 HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 385.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 64 %.

EXAMPLE 105

2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

5

M.P.: 62-63 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.94-6.85 (m, 2H), 6.80-6.74 (m, 1H), 4.04 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.82 (m, 8H), 3.76-3.73 (m, 2H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.66 (m, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3426, 2932, 2211, 1661, 1542, 1514, 1463, 1261, 1026, 797. Yield = 64 %.

EXAMPLE 106

2-(3,4-Dimethoxybenzyl)-4-[(2-methoxyethyl)amino]-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 94-97 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.86 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J= 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (bs, 1H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.79 (t, J= 20 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.56 (t, J= 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3454, 2931, 2833, 2211, 1573, 1549, 1260, 1234, 1190, 1154, 1138, 1123. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 399.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 57 %.

EXAMPLE 107

4-[[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl](methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl) thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 125-127 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.75 (s, 2H), 3.97 (s, 6H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.7 (t, J= 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 2.61 (t, J= 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.24 (s, 6H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3445, 2939, 2205, 1557, 1499, 1392, 1341, 1123, 780. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 442.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 34 %.

EXAMPLE 108

10 5-Methyl-4-morpholin-4-yl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.62 (s, 2H), 4.08 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 6H), 3.82-3.80 (m, 4H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.53-3.48 (m, 4H), 2.67 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3435, 2961, 2932, 2854, 2212, 1680, 1591, 1380, 1365, 731. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 441.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 75 %.

EXAMPLE 109

20

5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.63 (s, 2H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 5.52 (bs, 4H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 2.52 (bs, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3369, 2938, 1534, 1494, 140, 1132, 1001, 783. Yield = 90 %.

EXAMPLE 110

5-Methyl-4-(methylamino)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-10 carbonitrile

M.P.: 194-195 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCI₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.67 (s, 2H), 5.52 (bs, 1H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.15 (d, J= 4.7 Hz, 3H), 2.71 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3437, 2945, 2213, 1574 1506, 1321, 1121, 635. Yield = 25 %.

EXAMPLE 111

4-(Ethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-20 carbonitrile

M.P.: 164-165 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.65 (s, 2H), 5.47 (bs, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.67- 3.63 (m, 2H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3437, 2945, 2213, 1574 1506, 1321, 1121, 635. Yield = 27 %.

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EXAMPLE 112

5-Methyl-4-(propylamino)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.65 (s, 2H), 5.58 (m, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.57 (c, J= 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.68 (m, 2H), 0.97 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3426, 3000, 2961, 2937, 2874, 2211, 1505, 1239, 1126, 1004. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 413.0 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 81 %.

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EXAMPLE 113

4-(Isopropylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

M.P.: 143-147 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.63 (s, 3H), 5.27 (bs, 1H), 4.48 (m, 1H), 3.99 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 6H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 1.28 (d, J= 6.3 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3440, 2970, 2837, 2210, 1568, 1548, 1504, 1450, 1239, 1006, 973, 732. 415. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 413.0 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 80 %.

EXAMPLE 114

4-(sec-Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

5

M.P.: 134-137 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.63 (s, 2H), 5.27 (bs, 1H), 3.99 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.24 (d, J= 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.94 (t, J= 7.3 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3460, 2965, 2936, 2836, 2360, 2341, 2210, 1127, 1006, 732. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 427.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 82 %.

10

EXAMPLE 115

4-[(1-Ethylpropyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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M.P.: 127-129 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.61 (s, 2H), 5.24 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (m, 1H), 3.98 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 6H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 2.63 (m, 2H), 1.52 (m, 2H), 0.90 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3434, 2963, 2935, 2660, 2341, 2210, 1568, 1127, 1007, 805, 668. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 441.1 (M+1) $^{+}$. Yield = 84 %.

EXAMPLE 116

4-(tert-Butylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 146-148°C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.59 (s, 2H), 5.44 (bs, 1H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 6H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.68 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 9H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3468, 2962, 2937, 2837, 2209, 1421, 1127, 1007. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 427.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 59 %.

EXAMPLE 117

4-(Cyclopropylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.70 (s, 2H), 5.68 (bs, 1H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 6H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 0.92 (bs, 2H), 0.60 (bs, 2H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3419, 2210, 1590, 1566, 1548, 1504, 1451, 1238, 1126. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 411.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 68 %.

EXAMPLE 118

4-(Cyclobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

 1 H-NMR (CDCI₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.64 (s, 2H), 5.58 (d, J= 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (m, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 6H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.44 (m, 2H), 1.89 (m, 4H). IR (KBr):

 $v_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3433, 2939, 2250, 2211, 1574, 1322, 1241, 1125, 1006, 908, 729, 647. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 425.0 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 82 %.

EXAMPLE 119

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4-(Dimethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.69 (s, 2H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 6H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.11 (s, 6H), 2.67 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3433, 2939, 2250, 2211, 1574, 1322, 1241, 1125, 1006, 908, 729, 647. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 399.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 80 %.

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EXAMPLE 120

4-[Ethyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.66 (s, 2H), 4.04 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 6H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.55 (c, J= 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.02 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3435, 2935, 2837, 2211, 1591, 1538, 1499, 1032, 1006, 733. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 413.2 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 81 %.

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EXAMPLE 121

4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.63 (s, 2H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.50 (c, J= 7.1 Hz, 4H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 1.14 (t, J= 7.1 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3372, 2936, 1588, 1534, 1132, 784. Yield = 87 %.

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EXAMPLE 122

4-[Allyl(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCI₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.65 (s, 2H), 5.91-5.80 (m, 1H), 5.29-5.23 (m, 2H), 4.07 (d, J= 6.2 Hz, 2H), 4.03 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 6H), 379 (s, 3H), 3.02 (s, 3H), 2.65 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 2936, 2212, 1591, 1538, 1239, 1127, 803. Yield = 84 %.

15

EXAMPLE 123

5-Methyl-4-[methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino]-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.66 (s, 2H), 4.20 (d, J= 2.0 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 6H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 2.28 (bs, 1H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3276, 2959, 2937, 2837, 2213, 1591, 1537, 1497, 1239, 1183, 736. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 423.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 63 %.

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EXAMPLE 124

4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.60 (s, 2H), 6.07 (ta, 1H), 3.98 (s, 2H), 3.84-3.72 (m, 4H), 3.81 (s, 6H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3435, 3225, 2943, 2237, 2215, 1594, 1471, 1353, 1330, 1238, 1151, 1129. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 415.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 97 %.

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EXAMPLE 125

4-[(2-Methoxyethyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

20

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.62 (s, 2H), 5.98 (bs, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 6.62 (s, 2H), 5.98 (bs, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 3.81-3.79 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.56 (t, J= 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 2.70 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3435, 3225, 2943, 2237, 2215, 1594, 1471, 1353, 1330, 1238, 1151, 1129. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 429.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 77 %.

EXAMPLE 126

4-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino]-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl) thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

5

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.62 (s, 2H), 4.54 (bs, 1H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 3.88-3.72 (m, 4H), 3.83 (s, 6H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.66 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3418, 2935, 2839, 2212, 1680, 1463, 1240, 1187, 1126, 1028, 1004, 737. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 429.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 39 %.

10

EXAMPLE 127

5-methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(2-phenylethyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

15

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.23 (m, 5H), 3.55 (t, J= 4.6 Hz, 4H), 3.18 (bs, 4H), 2.69 (s, 3H),2.55 (t, J= 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.36 (s, 3H). IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3430, 3026, 2971, 2931, 2360, 2212, 1603, 1534, 1278, 1239, 1178, 1003, 699. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 378.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 65 %.

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EXAMPLE 128

4-(Cyclobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(2-phenylethyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 153-155 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.20 (m, 5H), 5.56 (d, J= 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (m, 1H), 3.09 (bs, 4H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.49 (m, 2H), 1.90 (m, 4H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{méx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3422, 2980, 2942, 2360, 2211, 1575, 1558, 1546, 1231, 1201, 1150, 697. HPLC-5 MS (API-ES+, m/z) 349.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 85 %.

EXAMPLE 129

4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(2-phenylethyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.23 (m, 5H), 3.59 (c, J= 6.95, 4H), 3.14 (bs, 4H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 1.90 (t, J= 6.95 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3422, 2980, 2942, 2360, 2211, 1575, 1558, 1546, 1231, 1201, 1150, 697. Yield = 75 %.

15

EXAMPLE 130

5-Methyl-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-(3-phenylpropyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.P.: 101-103 °C; ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.26-7.14 (m, 5H), 3.54-3.51 (m, 4H), 2.89 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.71-2.67 (m, 5H), 2.56-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.18-2.09 (dt, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H). IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3436, 2933, 2841, 2749, 2205, 1535, 1363, 1139, 995, 700. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 392.2 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 98 %.

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EXAMPLE 131

4-(Diethylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3-phenylpropyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

10

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.18-7.07 (m, 5H), 3.45 (c, J= 6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.82 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.66-2.59 (m, 5H), 2.15-2.03 (m, 2H), 1.10 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 6H). IR (KBr): $\nu_{\text{máx}}$ (cm⁻¹) 3419, 2969, 2931, 2211, 1534, 1497, 1149, 746, 700. HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 365.1 (M+1)⁺. Yield = 98 %.

15

EXAMPLE 132

2-(3,5-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-4-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-5-methyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

·IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3400, 2925, 2208, 1605, 1540, 1392, 1154, 787.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.55 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 2H), 6.57 (t, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (t, J=4.3 Hz, 2H), 3.90-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 6H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 2.71 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 133

2-(3,5-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-5-methyl-4-morpholin-4-ylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

IR (KBr): v_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3381, 2923, 2211, 1695, 1533, 992, 729.

 1 H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.64 (d, J=2.5 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (t, J=2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.92-3.86 (m, 4H), 3.88-3.86 (m, 4H), 3.88 (s, 6H), 3.61-3,56 (m, 4H), 2.73 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 134

10 2-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-4-(ethylamino)-5-methylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

M.p. 207-208 °C

15 IR (KBr): $ν_{max}$ (cm⁻¹) 3481, 2934, 2209, 1554, 1209, 736. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.64 (s, 2H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 5.50 (bs, 1H), 3.87 (s, 6H), 3.74 (c, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, J=7.0 H, 3H). MS (IQ, m/z) 355.30 (M+1)⁺.

EXAMPLE 135

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4-(Isobutylamino)-5-methyl-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile

m.p. 129-131 °C

5 IR (KBr): ν_{max} (cm⁻¹) 3432, 2949, 2834, 2211, 1592, 1506, 1449, 1422, 1402, 1130, 1011.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ (ppm) 6.63 (s, 2H), 5.28 (bt, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.45 (t, J=6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (s, 3H), 2.03-1.91 (m, 1H), 1.93 (d, J=6.6 Hz, 6H).

HPLC-MS (API-ES+, m/z) 427.2 (M+1)+.

10

COMPOSITION EXAMPLES:

COMPOSITION EXAMPLE 1

Preparation of tablets

15 Formulation:

Compound of the present invention 5.0 mg
Lactose 113.6 mg
Microcrystalline cellulose 28.4 mg
Light silicic anhydride 1.5 mg

Magnesium stearate 1.5 mg

Using a mixer machine, 15 g of the compound of the present invention are mixed with 340.8 g of lactose and 85.2 g of microcrystalline cellulose. The mixture is subjected to compression moulding using a roller compactor to give a flake-like compressed material.

The flake-like compressed material is pulverised using a hammer mill, and the pulverised material is screened through a 20 mesh screen. A 4.5 g portion of light silicic anhydride and 4.5 g of magnesium stearate are added to the screened material and mixed. The mixed product is subjected to a tablet making machine equipped with a die/punch system of 7.5 mm in diameter, thereby obtaining 3,000 tablets each having 150 mg in weight.

30

COMPOSITION EXAMPLE 2

Formulation:

Titanium dioxide

Purified talc

10

Preparation of coated tablets

	Compound of the present invention	5.0 mg
	Lactose	95.2 mg
5	Corn starch	40.8 mg
	Polyvinylpyrrolidone K25	7.5 mg
	Magnesium stearate	1.5 mg
	Hydroxypropylcellulose	2.3 mg
	Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.4 mg

Using a fluidised bed granulating machine, 15 g of the compound of the present invention are mixed with 285.6 g of lactose and 122.4 g of corn starch. Separately, 22.5 g of polyvinylpyrrolidone is dissolved in 127.5 g of water to prepare a binding solution. Using a fluidised bed granulating machine, the binding solution is sprayed on the above mixture to give granulates. A 4.5 g portion of magnesium stearate is added to the obtained granulates and mixed. The obtained mixture is subjected to a tablet making machine equipped with a die/punch biconcave system of 6.5 mm in diameter, thereby obtaining 3,000 tablets, each having 150 mg in weight.

1.1 mg

0.7 mg

Separately, a coating solution is prepared by suspending 6.9 g of hydroxypropylmethyl-cellulose 2910, 1.2 g of polyethylene glycol 6000, 3.3 g of titanium dioxide and 2.1 g of purified talc in 72.6 g of water. Using a High Coated, the 3,000 tablets prepared above are coated with the coating solution to give film-coated tablets, each having 154.5 mg in weight.

COMPOSITION EXAMPLE 3

Preparation of capsules

30 Formulation:

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35

Compound of the present invention	5.0 mg
Lactose monohydrate	200 mg
Colloidal silicon dioxide	2 mg
Corn starch	20 mg
Magnesium stearate	4 mg

25 g of active compound, 1 Kg of lactose monohydrate, 10 g of colloidal silicon dioxide, 100 g of corn starch and 20 g of magnesium stearate are mixed. The mixture is sieved through a 60 mesh sieve, and then filled into 5,000 gelatine capsules.

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COMPOSITION EXAMPLE 4

Preparation of a cream

Formulation	0	n
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	Compound of the present invention	1 %
10	Cetyl alcohol	3 %
	Stearyl alcohol	4 %
	Gliceryl monostearate	4 %
	Sorbitan monostearate	0.8 %
	Sorbitan monostearate POE	0.8 %
15	Liquid vaseline	5 %
	Methylparaben	0.18 %
	Propylparaben	0.02 %
	Glycerine	15 %
	Purified water csp.	. 100 %

20

An oil-in-water emulsion cream is prepared with the ingredients listed above, using conventional methods.